M1.(a) Saturated – single bonds only / no double bonds

1

Hydrocarbon – contains carbon and hydrogen (atoms) only

1

(b) $C_{16}H_{34} + 16.5O_2 \longrightarrow 16CO + 17H_2O$ Allow multiples

1

(c) (On combustion) SO₂ produced

Allow equation to produce SO₂. Ignore sulfur oxides.

1

Which causes acid rain

If formula shown it must be correct M2 is dependent on M1. But if M1 is sulfur oxides, allow M2. For M2 allow consequence of acid rain or SO₂. Ignore greenhouse effect and toxic

1

(d) (i) $C_{16}H_{34} \longrightarrow C_8H_{18} + C_2H_4 + 2C_3H_6$ Allow multiples

Ignore plastic and polymer

1

(ii) polypropene / propan(-1 or 2-)ol / propane(-1,2-)diol / isopropanol / propanone / propanal

Accept alternative names

1

(iii)

1

(e)

Allow any unambiguous representation

1

(f) 2,4-dichloro-2,4-dimethylhexane

Only but ignore punctuation

[10]

M2.(a) Crude oil OR petroleum

Not petrol.

1

Fractional distillation / fractionation

Not distillation alone.

1

(b) $C_{12}H_{26} + 12.5O_2 \longrightarrow 12CO + 13H_2O$

Allow balanced equations that produce CO_2 in addition to CO.

Accept multiples.

1

(c) (i) M1 Nitrogen and oxygen (from air) <u>react / combine</u> / allow a correct equation

If nitrogen from petrol / paraffin / impurities CE = 0 / 2.

1

M2 at high temperatures

Allow temperatures above 1000 °C or spark.

Not just heat or hot.

M2 dependent on M1.

But allow 1 mark for nitrogen and oxygen together at high temperatures.

1

(ii) $2NO + O_2 \longrightarrow 2NO_2$ Allow multiples.

1

(iii) $4NO_2 + 2H_2O + O_2 \longrightarrow 4HNO_3$ Allow multiples.

1

(d) (i) C_nH_{2n+2}

Allow C_xH_{2x+2}

CnH2n+2

Allow CxH2x+2

1

(ii) $C_{12}H_{26} \longrightarrow C_6H_{14} + C_6H_{12}$ *Only*.

1

 C_3H_7

Only.

1

Zeolite / aluminosilicate(s)

1

(iii) Larger molecule / longer carbon chain / more electrons / larger surface area

1

More / stronger van der Waals' forces between molecules

Allow dispersion forces / London forces / temporary induced dipole-dipole forces <u>between molecules.</u>

If breaking bonds, CE = 0/2.

1

(e) 2,2,3,3,4,4-hexamethylhexane

Only.

Ignore punctuation.

1

Chain

Ignore branch(ed).

1

(f) Cl₂

Only.

CI-CI

Not CL_2 or Cl2 or CL2 or Cl^2 or CL^2 .

Ignore Chlorine.

[16]

M3. (a) (i) fractional distillation or fractionation

1

(ii) C₉H₂₀ only

1

(iii) $C_{11}H_{24} + 17O_2 \rightarrow 11CO_2 + 12H_2O$

1

(iv) $C_{11}H_{24} + 6O_2 \rightarrow 11C + 12H_2O$ 1 (b) (i) $C_{10}H_{22} \rightarrow C_3H_6 + C_7H_{16}$ 1 (ii) correctly drawn structure of methylpropene (insist on clearly drawn C-C and C=C bonds) 1 (c) Any two from chemically similar or chemically the same or react in the same way same functional group 0 0 same general formula differ by CH₂ 0 (penalise same molecular formula or same empirical 2 M4. (a) (Different) boiling points Ignore mp's, references to imf, different volatilities 1 (b) (i) Compound which have the same molecular formula Accept same no and type of atom for M1 But If same (chemical) formula M1 = 0 but allow M2 If empirical formula CE = 0/2 1 but different structures/different structural formulae/different displayed formulae

[8]

1

M2 dependent on M1

(ii) 3-methylbut-1-ene only ignore commas and hyphens

1

1

(iii)

Allow any correct structure with a cyclic alkane

Do not allow

$$H_2$$
 H_2
 H_2
 H_2

i.e with an H missing on one C

(c) $C_{13}H_{28}$

1

1

<u>Making</u> plastics/used to make polymers or polythene/used to make antifreeze/make ethanol/ripening fruit/any named additional polymer

not used **as** a plastic/polymer/antifreeze not just 'polymers' – we need to see that they are being made

[6]

M5.(a) Fractional distillation / fractionation / GLC / gas liquid chromatography

1

(b) C₄H₁₀

Need C₄H₁₀ and the reason for the mark

Because it has a higher bp / has stronger IMF / larger molecule / longer chain / larger surface (area)

1

(c) $C_4H_{10} + 6\frac{1}{2}O_2 \longrightarrow 4CO_2 + 5H_2O$

Accept multiples Ignore state symbols

1

(d) CO₂ or H₂O evolved is a greenhouse gas / CO₂ or H₂O evolved contribute to global warming / the products are greenhouse gases

Ignore climate change

1

(e) $CH_3CH_2CH_3 + 3.5O_2 \longrightarrow C_2H_2(CO)_2O + 4H_2O$

Accept multiples

Allow with or without a number 1 before the organic molecules

1

(f) (i) $C_2H_5SH + 4.5O_2 \longrightarrow 2CO_2 + 3H_2O + SO_2$ Accept multiples 1 (ii) Calcium oxide / calcium carbonate Allow any base or alkali Allow correct formulae 1 Neutralises the SO₂ / acid base reaction / it is a base Can only score M2 if base or alkali used in M1 Allow M2 if blank in M1 1 (iii) Ethanol contains hydrogen bonding Breaking covalent bonds CE = 0 / 2 Which is stronger than IMF (VDW / dipole-dipole forces) in ethanethiol / (H bonding) is the strongest IMF Only award M2 if M1 given, but allow IMF in ethanol are stronger than in ethanethiol for maximum 1 mark 1 (2,2-)dimethylpropane (g) (i) Ignore punctuation 1 (ii) Because molecule is smaller / less polarisable / has less surface (area) / is more spherical / molecules can't get as close to one another (to feel the vdW forces)

 $\underline{\text{vdW intermolecular}}$ forces or $\underline{\text{vdW force between molecules}}$ are weaker or fewer

Allow converse answers referring to straight chain isomers

1

Need vdW rather than just IMF

CE = 0 / 2 if breaking bonds

(iii) 1 or one

1

(h) (i) C₉H₂₀

1

(ii) Thermal (cracking)

If not thermal cracking CE = 0 / 2

H₂₀C₉

1

High pressure AND high temperature

If blank mark on

Allow high P and T

1

OR

Pressure of ≥ 10 atm, ≥ 1 MPa ≥ 1000 kPa

AND temp of 400 °C \leq T \leq 1000 °C or 650 K \leq T \leq 1300 K Do not allow high heat If no units for T, then range must be 650 – 1000

[17]